## **CHOOSING A BUSINESS STRUCTURE**

Operating your business as a properly structured corporation or Limited Liability Company (LLC) sets boundaries between your personal assets and business liabilities. In addition to protecting your personal property as a business owner, incorporating offers several legal, tax, and business advantages. Compare the entities below to decide which structure is right for you.

	LLC	C Corp	S Corp	General Partnership	Sole Proprietor
Owners have limited liability for business debts and obligations	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>		
Created by a state-level registration that usually protects the company name	✓	1	1		
Business duration can be perpetual	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>		
May have an unlimited number of owners	✓	✓		✓	
Owners need not be U.S. citizens or residents	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		✓	<b>✓</b>
May be owned by another business, rather than individuals	✓	1			
May issue shares of stock to attract investors		1	<b>√</b>		
Owners can report business profit and loss on their personal tax returns	✓		<b>√</b>	1	✓
Owners can split profit and loss with the business for a lower overall tax rote		<b>✓</b>			
Permitted to distribute special allocations under certain guidelines	✓			1	
Not required to hold annual meetings or record meeting minutes	1			1	1